

Sustainable Mobility - The Role of Bioenergy

Rystad Energy - MME

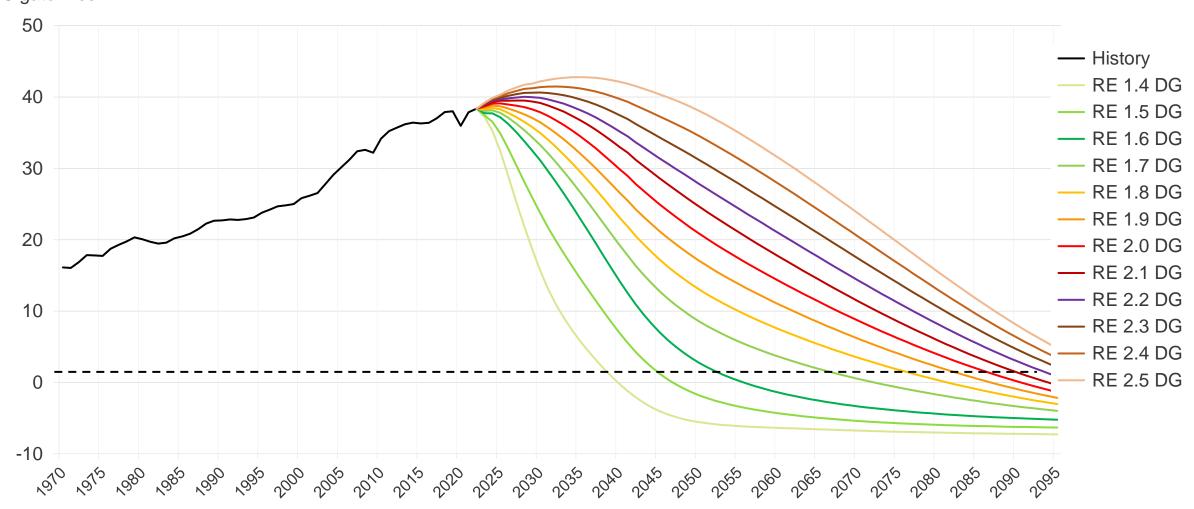
Thiago Sinzato – Senior Analyst Bioenergy

New Energies

December 2024

2030 climate goals: 40% reduction in fossil CO2 emissions needed to limit warming to 1.5°C

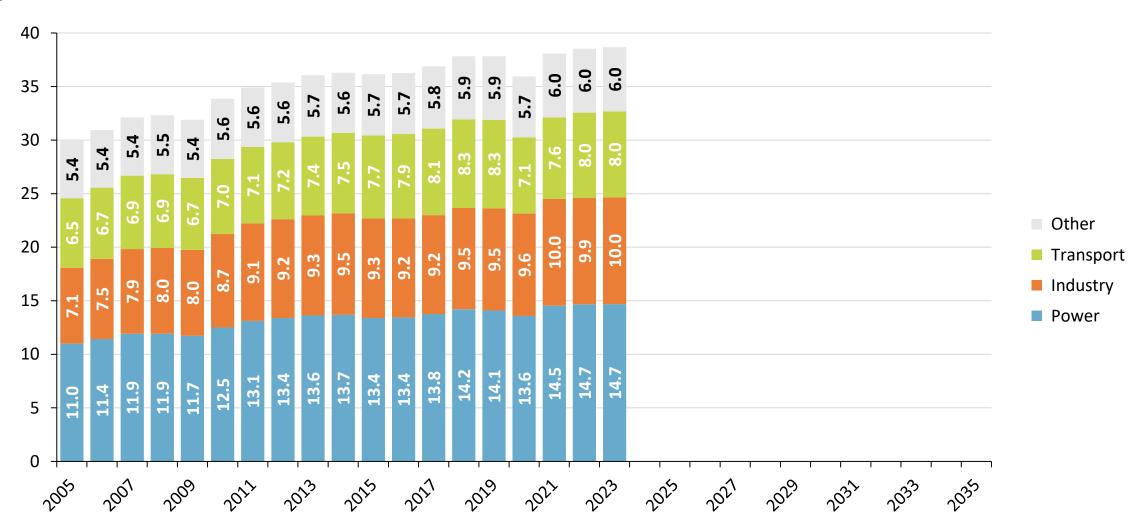
Global carbon dioxide emissions, history and future scenarios
Gigatonnes



^{*}Includes carbon capture contribution in each scenario Source: Rystad Energy EnergyScenarioCube, December 2024

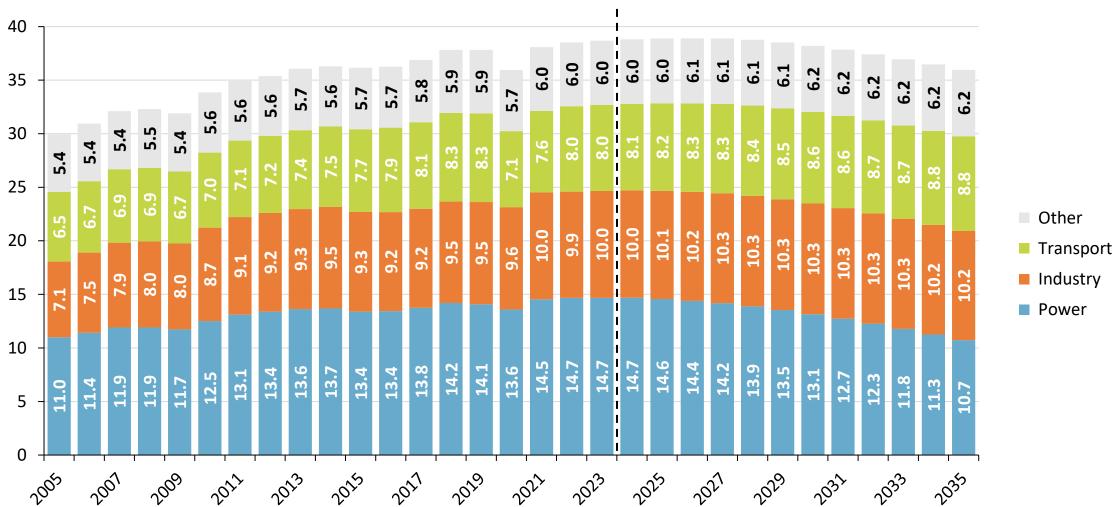
We have not been able to "bend the curve" yet, but we might be close to the structural peak

Fossil CO2 by year and sector – current pathway Gigatonnes



By 2035, only the power sector is set for major decarbonization

Fossil CO2 by year and sector – current pathway Gigatonnes





We observed countless new project announcements, but green energy investors are not convinced

Green Energy* total return index

Normalized to a value of 100 on January 1, 2021



^{*}Includes 53 significant public companies with primary business focus on variable renewables, CO2 management, clean hydrogen or biofuels Source: Rystad Energy research and analysis

Within the clean tech space, hydrogen sector has seen the biggest value correction since 2021

Green Energy - Clean Tech total return index by sub-sector

Normalized to a value of 100 on January 1, 2021



^{*}Clean Tech – Hydrogen, CCUS and Bio indexes consist of 19, 7 and 4 public companies with primary business focus in respective sectors. Source: Rystad Energy research and analysis

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How do we get to different transition scenarios? Call on clean tech by sector

| | Decarbonization indicator | Current (2023) | 1.5 DG in 2050 | 2.0 DG in 2050 | 2.5 DG in 2050 |
|--|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | Carbon capture and tech removal capacity, mtpa | 49 | 8,396 | 4,115 | 956 |
| 44 | Share of fossil fuels in final energy demand for industry (direct use) | 86% | 10% | 60% | 84% |
| Della de la | Share of renewables in global primary energy mix | 20% | 89% | 45% | 26% |
| | Variable renewable power generation, TWh | 4,600 | 85,600 | 34,900 | 10,400 |
| | Share of electricity, biofuels and hydrogen in final energy demand for transport | 4.8% | 89% | 50% | 26% |
| The price development state that the DOCKHOW of the DOCKHOW of the DOCKHOW STATE OF THE PRICE OF | Compliance carbon price range, USD per tonne | 5-100 | 100-200 | 60-150 | 0-50 |
| | Total energy investment needed by 2050 | \$2.7 trillion per year | \$3.5 trillion per year | \$2.9 trillion per year | \$2.6 trillion per year |

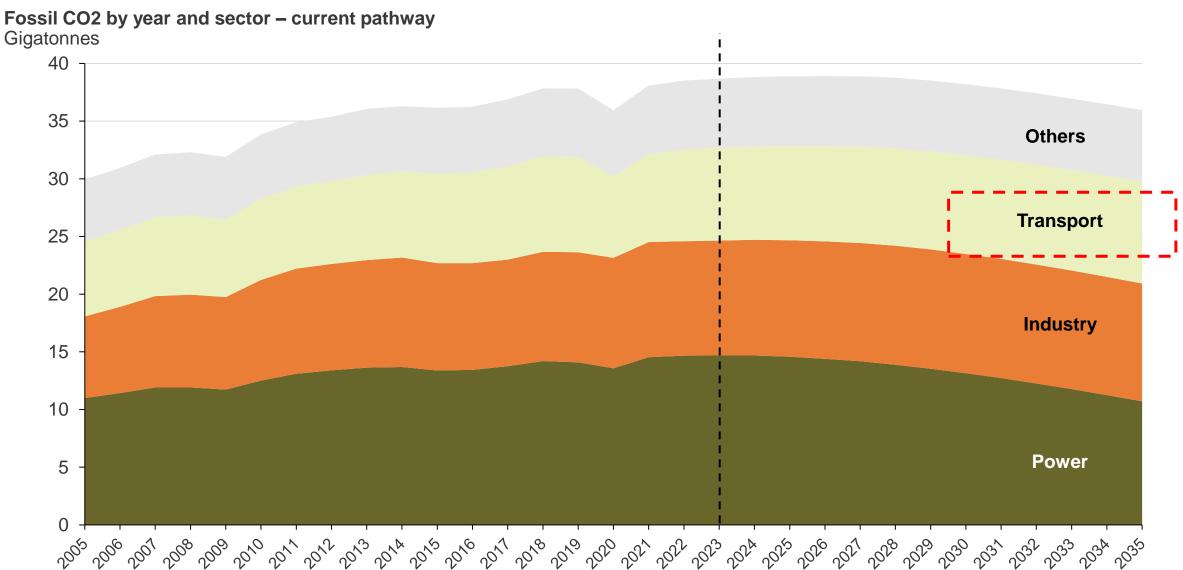
Source: Rystad Energy research and analysis

How do we get to different transition scenarios? Call on clean tech by sector

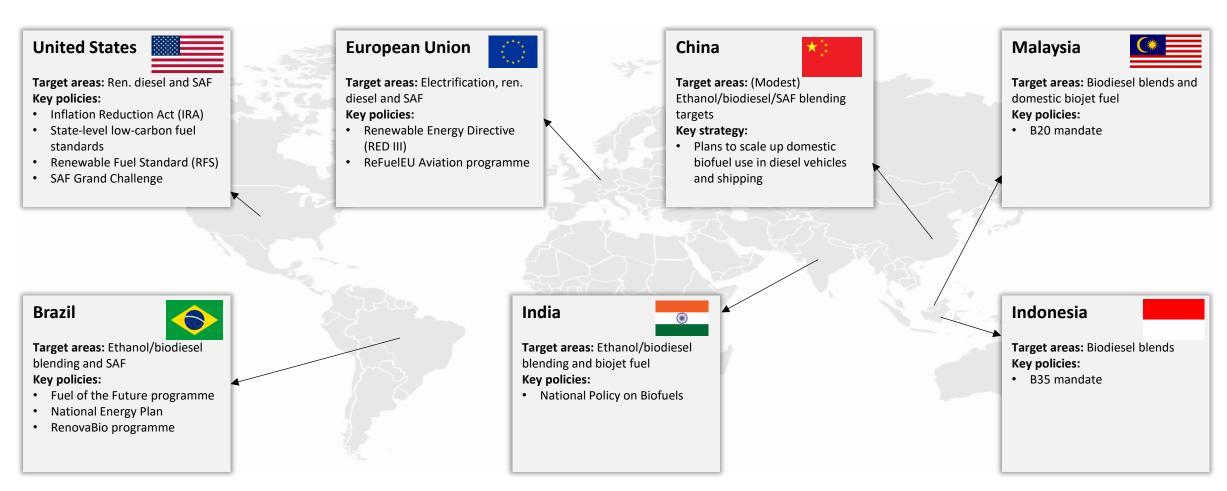
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Source: Rystad Energy research and analysis

By 2035, only the power sector is set for major decarbonization



Advanced economies largely adopted electrification while emerging economies targets fuel blends going forward

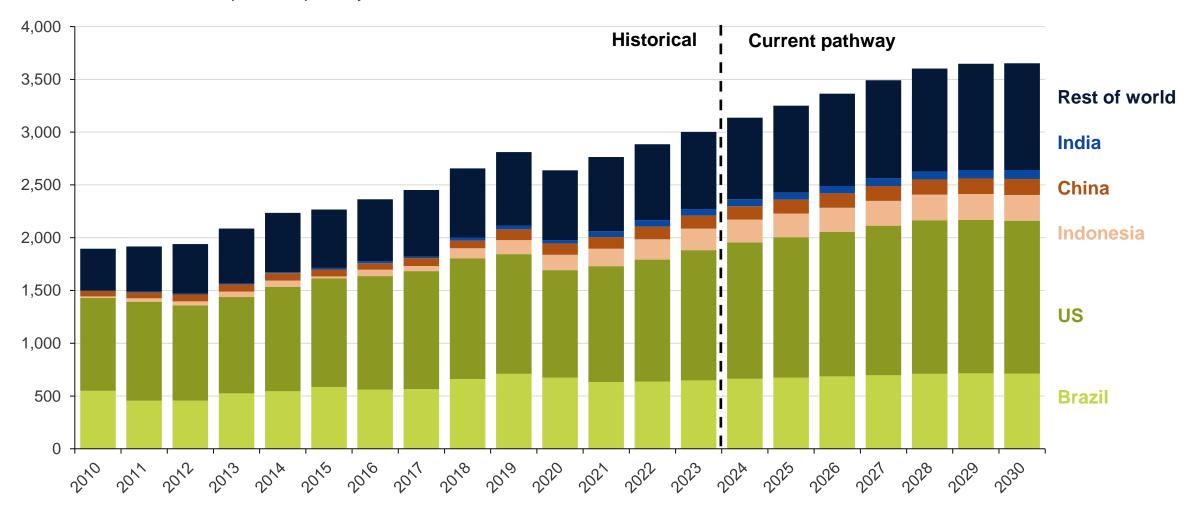


Source: Rystad Energy research and analysis

Brazil and the US will continue to lead the world market

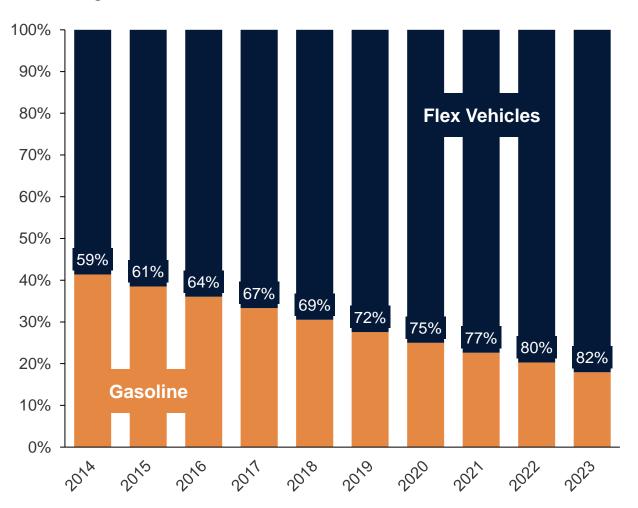
Global biofuels production by product, history and current pathway

Thousand barrels of oil equivalent per day

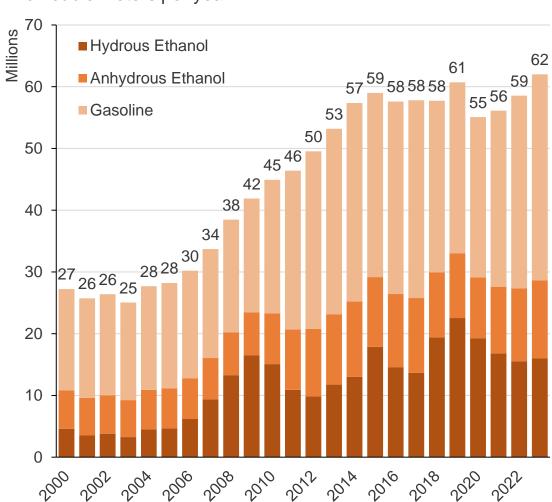


Mobility in Brazil is ready for decarbonization

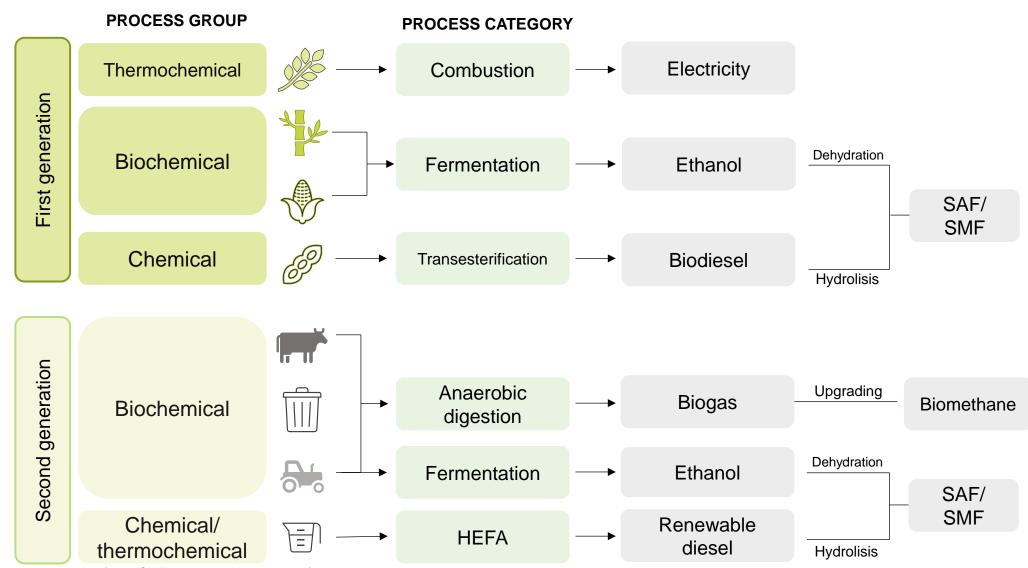
Brazilian vehicle split by engine type Percentage of total



Internal Combustion Engine demand in Brazil by year Million cubic meters per year



Pathways of biofuels production – first and second generation



*SAF – sustainable aviation fuels, SMF – sustainable maritime fuels Sources: Rystad Energy research and analysis, December 2024

In 2023, Brazil led global production of major energy crops

Corn

Production

131 M ton

3°

Exports

Area

22.0 M ha



Production

713 M ton

10

Exports

10

Area

8.3 M ha



Soybeans

Production

154 M ton

10

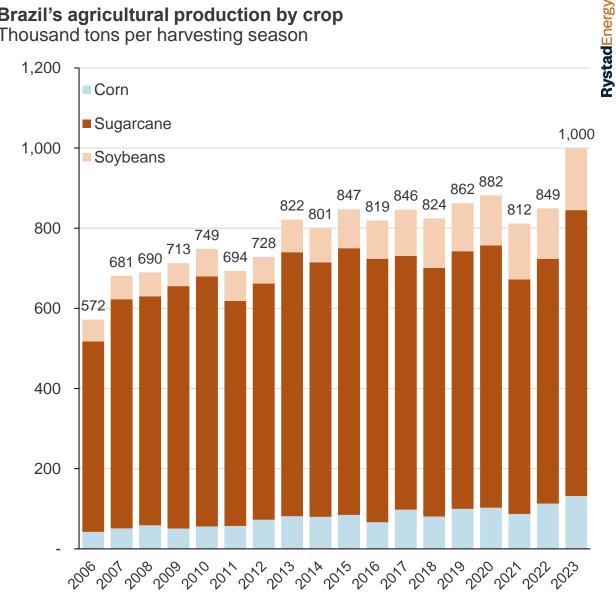
Exports

10

Area

44.0 M ha

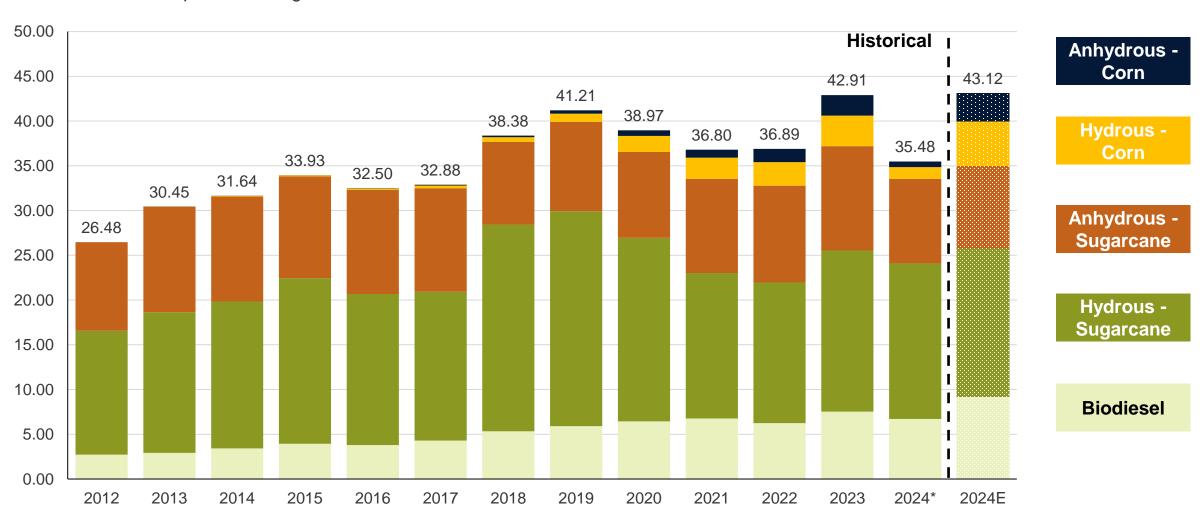
Brazil's agricultural production by crop Thousand tons per harvesting season



2024 will be the year with the highest biofuel production ever in Brazil

Biofuel production by product type and feedstock

Million cubic meters per harvesting season

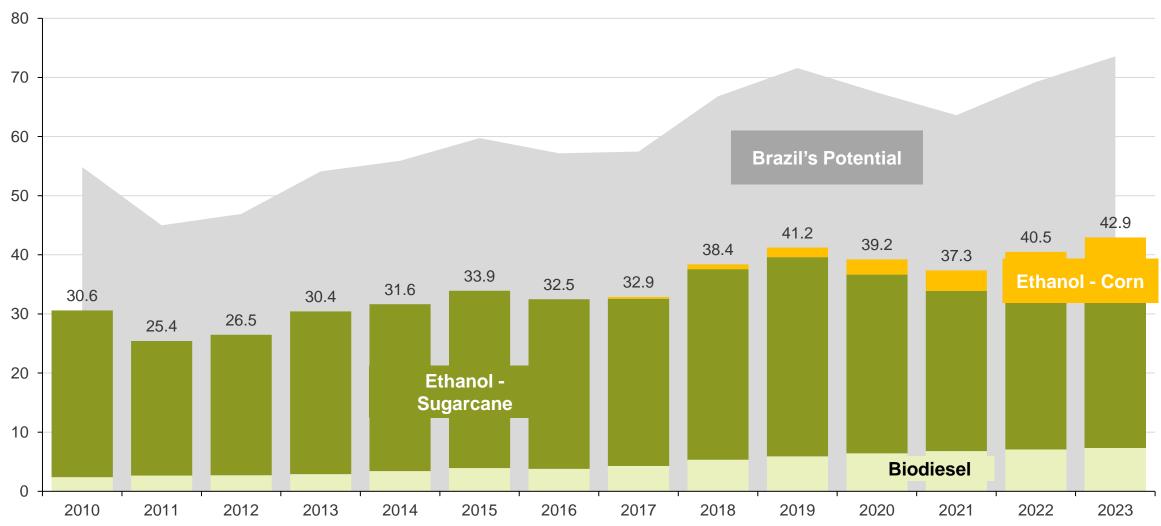


*Data up until September 2024

Corn and sugarcane drive the biofuels production in Brazil

Biofuel production by feedstock

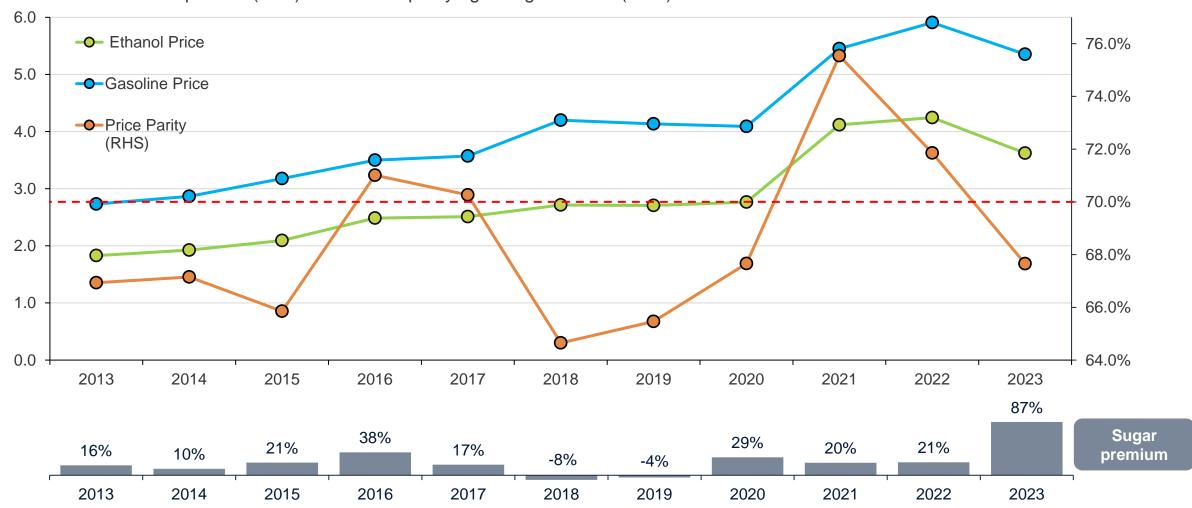
Million cubic meters per year



Competition with gasoline and sugar puts growth through traditional means at risk

Ethanol and gasoline prices and sugar premium over ethanol production

Brazilian Reais BRL per liter (LHS) and ethanol parity against gasoline % (RHS)

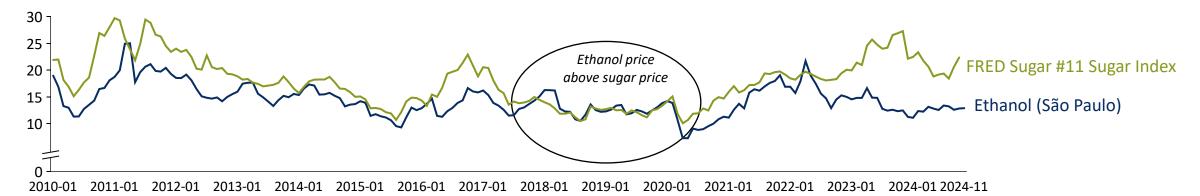


Source: Rystad Energy research and analysis, ANP

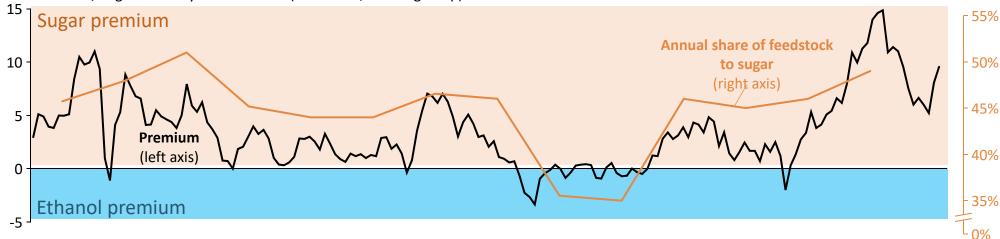
There is usually a premium for those who produce sugar...

Price equivelancy - São Paulo

USD cents/lb of sugar equivelant1



Premium, Sugar #11 – Hydrous ethanol (USD cents/lb of sugar eq.)

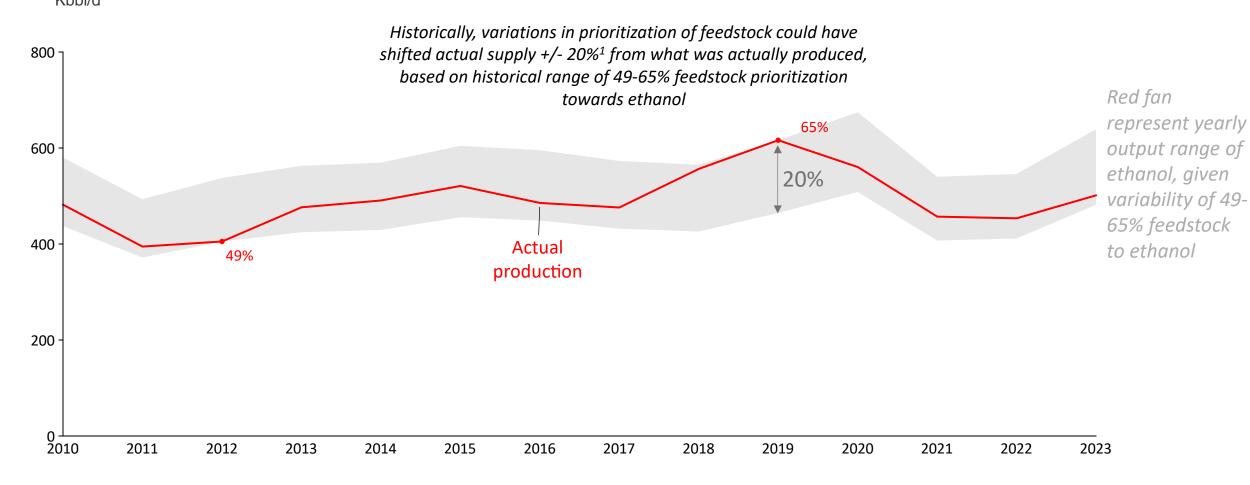


1) Monthly average prices

Source: Rystad Energy research and analysis; FRED Sugar #11 index; CEPEA Hydrous ethanol index (Sao Paolo State)

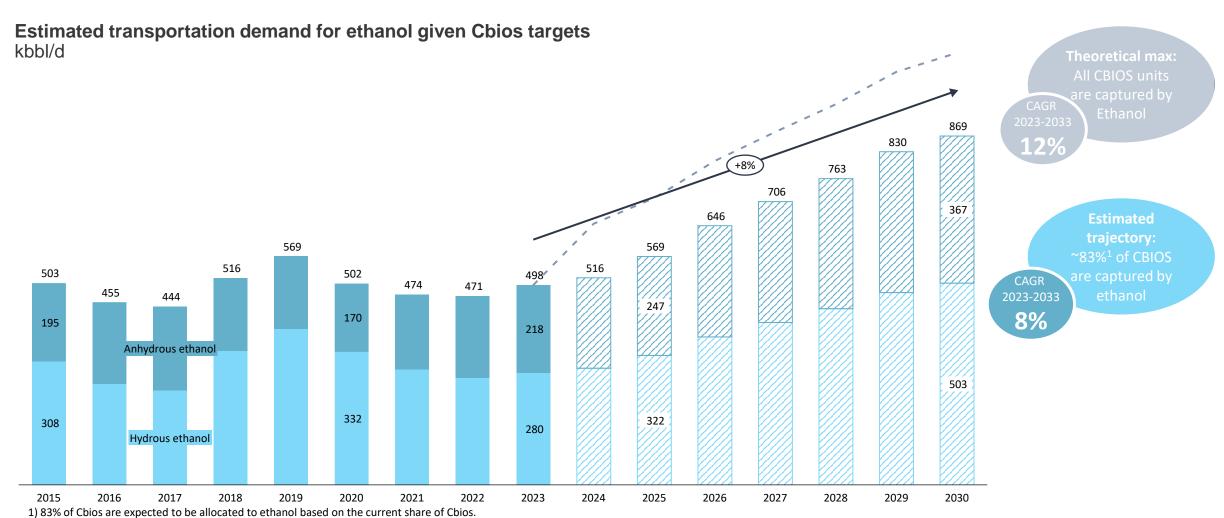
... But variation in feedstock prioritization could shift supply around +/-20% of actual production

Brazilian bioethanol production, split by historical feedstock utilization span Kbbl/d



1) Max difference up or down to prioritization range from actual production. Source: Rystad Energy research and analysis

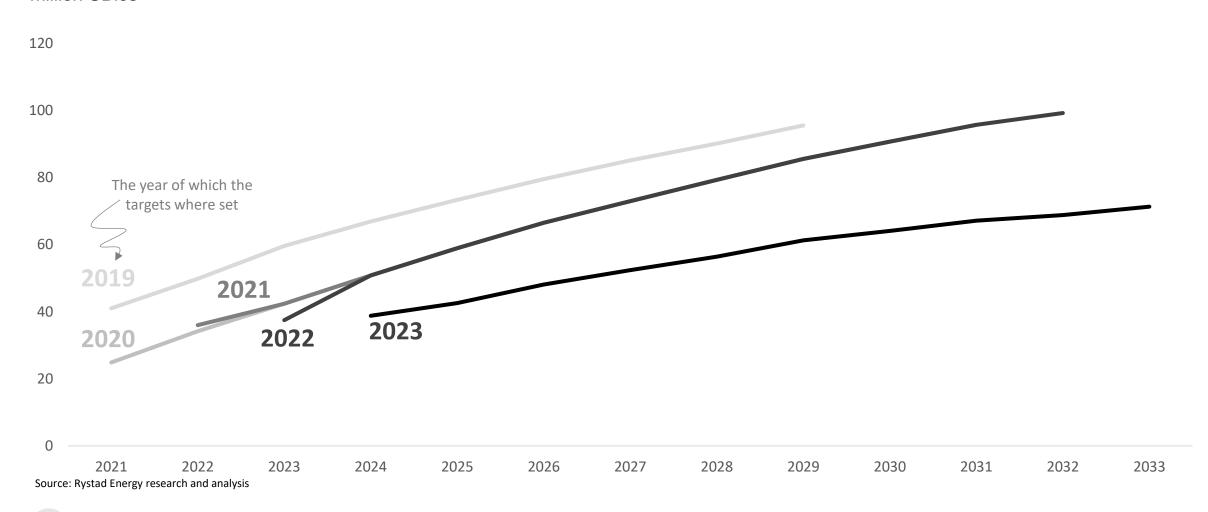
The current Cbios targets implies an annual ~8% in ethanol demand growth for transportation



Source: Rystad Energy research and analysis; ANP

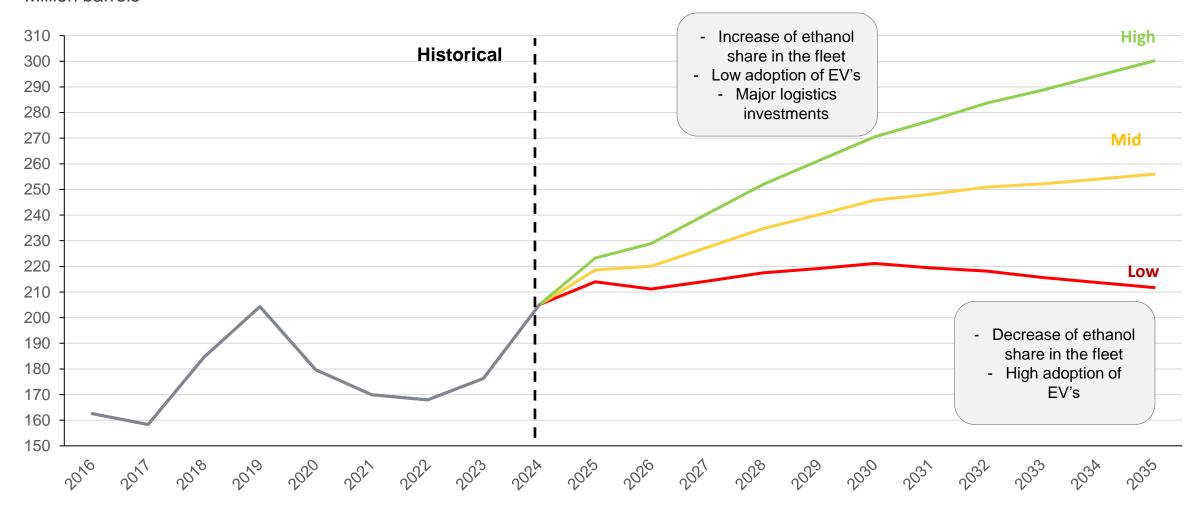
The annual Cbios targets have been reduced each year since 2019

Targets for Decarbonization Credits (Cbios) by vintage, 2019-2023 million CBios



Ethanol could change Brazil's position in the global energy transition scenario

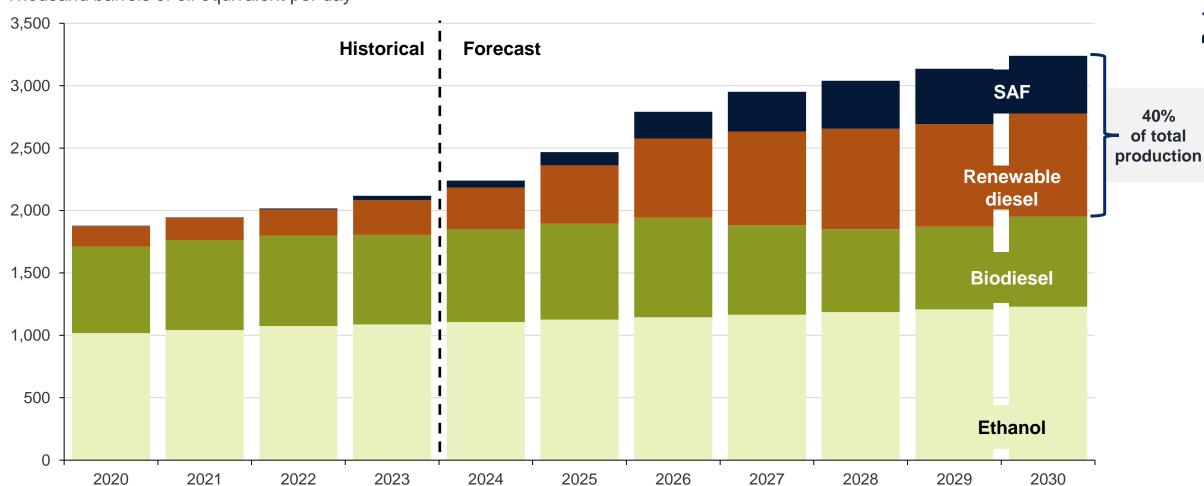
Domestic Hydrous and Anhydrous ethanol demand, BrazilMillion barrels



SAF and renewable diesel production to reach 1.5 million bpd by early 2030s

Global biofuels production by product, history and current pathway

Thousand barrels of oil equivalent per day

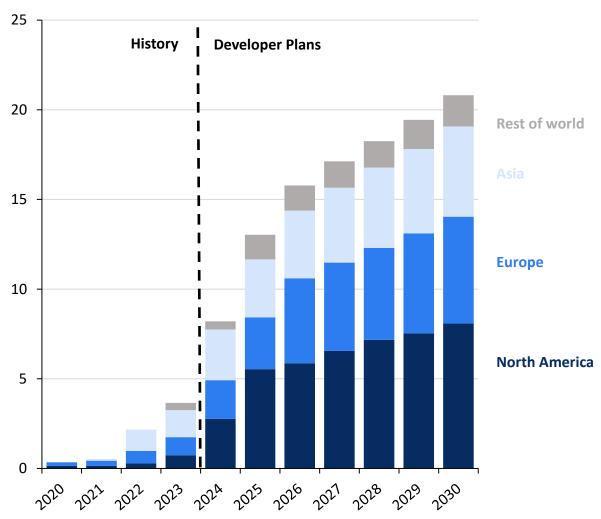


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Based on announced projects, global SAF capacity might reach 20 mtpa in the second half of 20s

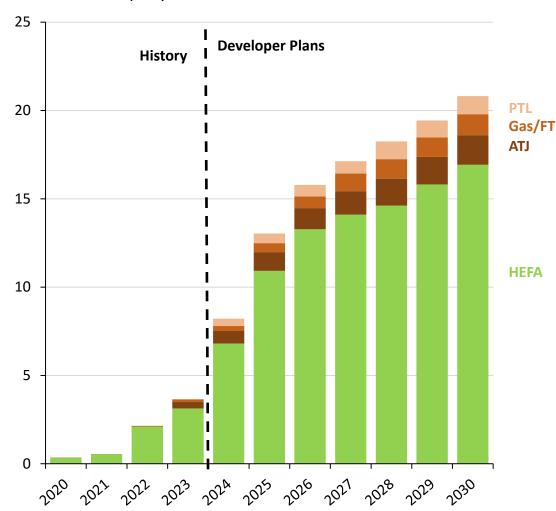
Unrisked production capacity by region

Million tonnes per year



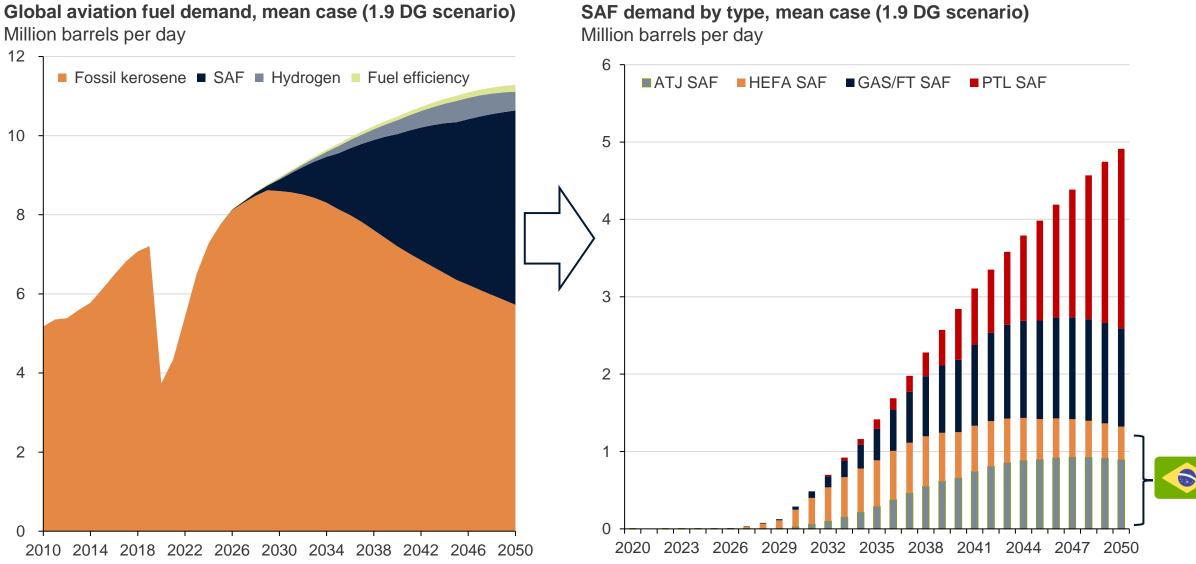
Unrisked production capacity by process

Million tonnes per year

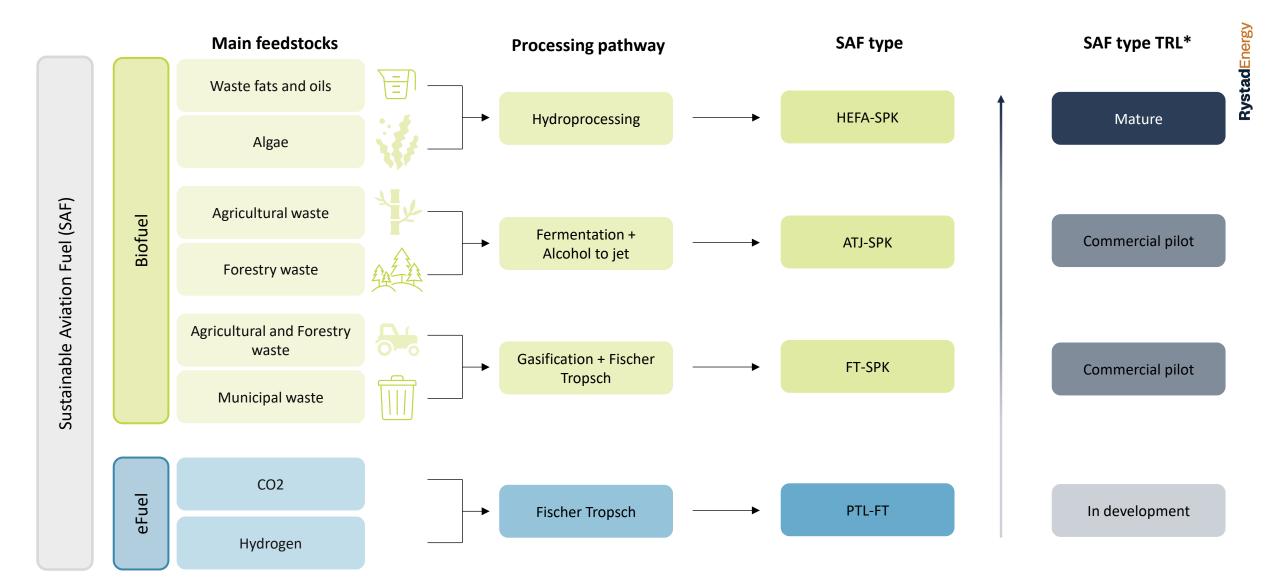


Source: Rystad Energy research and analysis

SAF an opportunity to leverage Brazil's strength

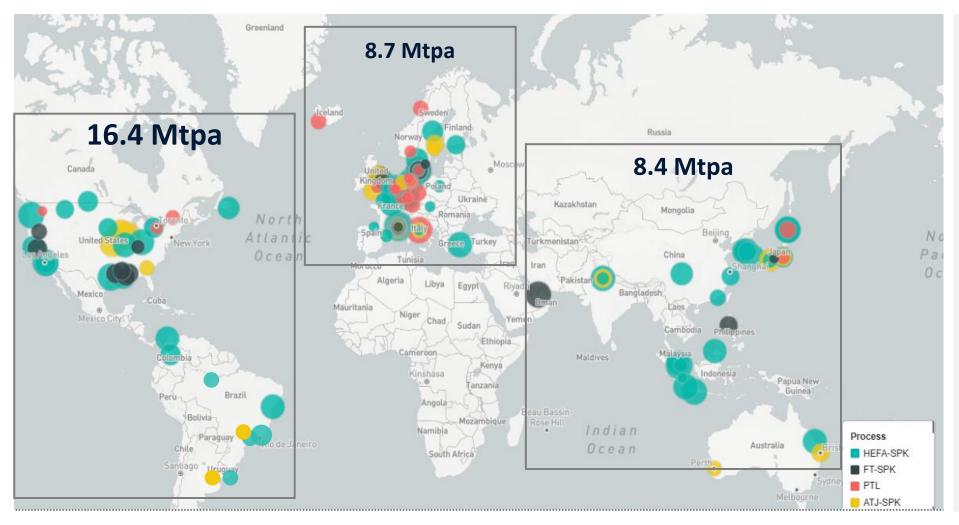


Overview of the four main production pathways for SAF



^{*} Technology Readiness Levels Source: Rystad Energy Research and Analysis, EIA

200 Operational and Planned Assets Driving SAF Production: US Takes the Lead



Processing pathways: Over 50% of SAF projects rely on HEFA-SPK (75% of total capacity). The US is the primary future market for HEFA-SPK, and Germany leads in announced PtL projects

SAF production capacity by 2030: All operational and announced SAF projects would have a production capacity of 24 Mtpa

HEFA facilities: Even though they often produce Renewable Diesel and SAF, the focus remains on renewable diesel production

Source: Rystad Energy research & analysis

Alcohol to jet is still in the early stages of development, but could represent the main investment destination in the sector



Announced projects: US displays a total of 7 SAF projects using AtJ technology out of 20 announced projects worldwide.

Forecast risks: Changes in commodity scenarios such as sugar and DDGS production could boost or decrease SAF production, given the changes in the biofuel production premium in relation to food in the 1G market.

Feedstock availability:

Different pathways for ethanol production will be the differentiator for market development.

Source: Rystad Energy research & analysis

SAF: An opportunity to leverage Brazil's strength

Worldwide ethanol production facilities

Based on status of each bio-refinery



Ethanol potential:

Brazil and the US combined account for around 85% of the global ethanol market share. India's significant ethanol production capacity could shake up the market structure if domestic sugar consumption declines in the coming years.

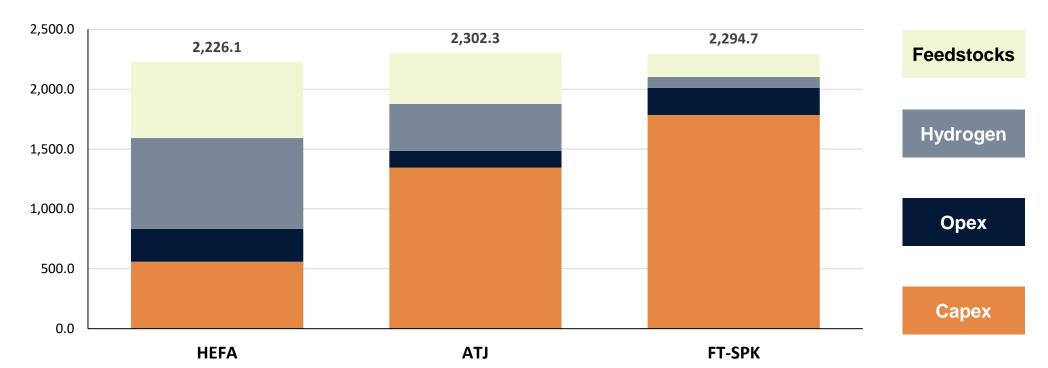
SAF capacity:

The development of 2G ethanol will be the differentiator for markets with high domestic consumption of the fuel. Preliminary production indicates a 40-50% increase in ethanol production with the use of waste.

Comparative model for technological route for SAF

Cost breakdown by technological route for SAF in Brazil

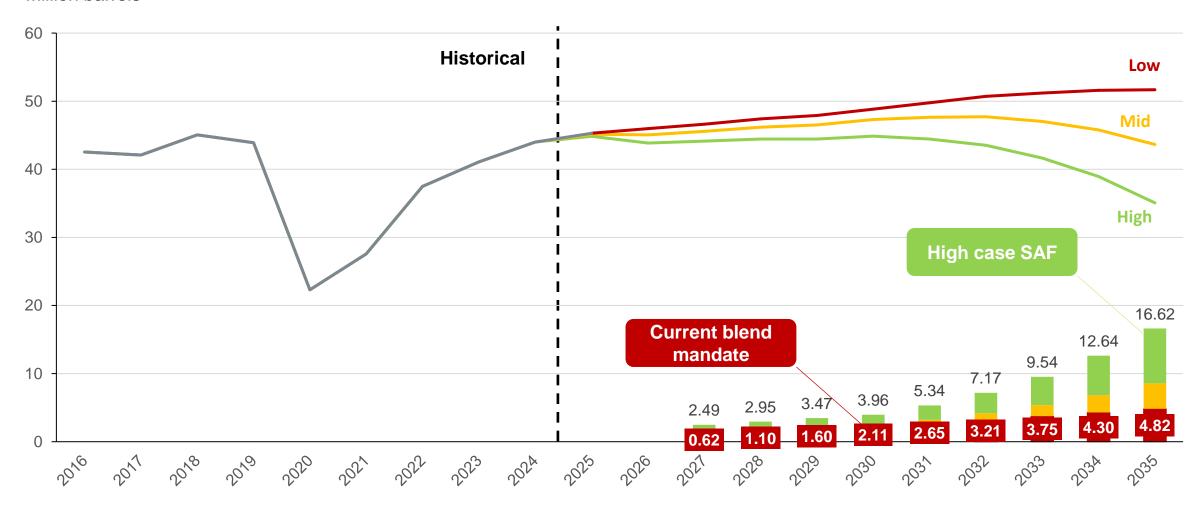
USD/Ton



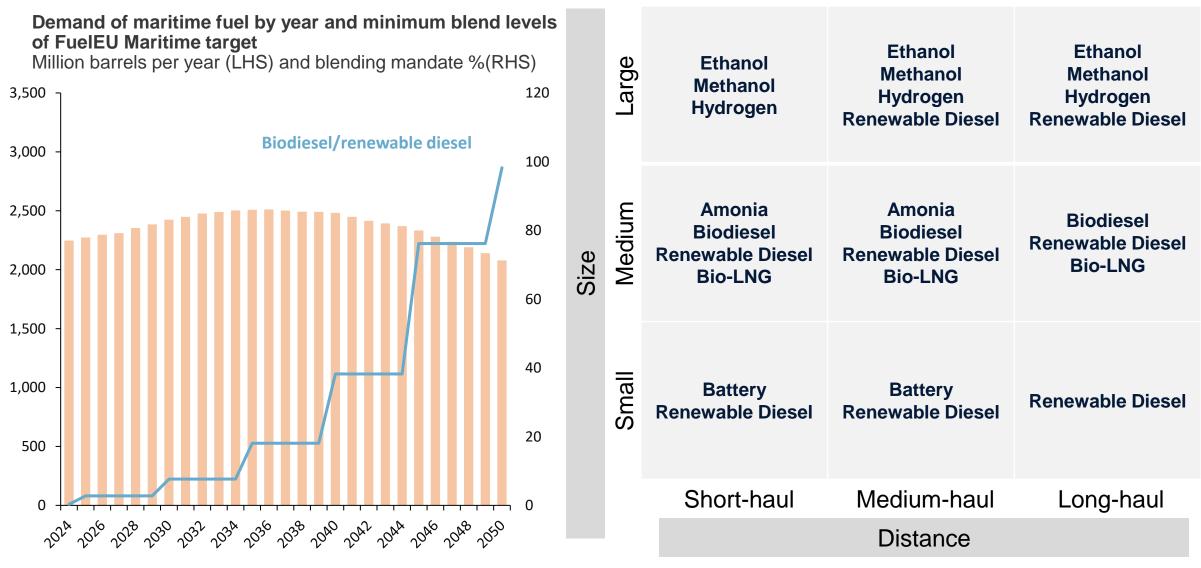
| Main Feedstocks | Waste fats and Oils | Waste fats and Oils Ethanol – Agricultural Waste | |
|---------------------------|---------------------|--|-----------|
| Conversion Efficiency (%) | 90% | 60 - 95% | 16 - 60% |
| Co-product Yield (%) | Up to 85% | Up to 35% | Up to 75% |

ProBioQAV program will be Brazil's first push into SAF

Domestic consumption of Jet Fuel and SAF forecast, Brazil Million barrels



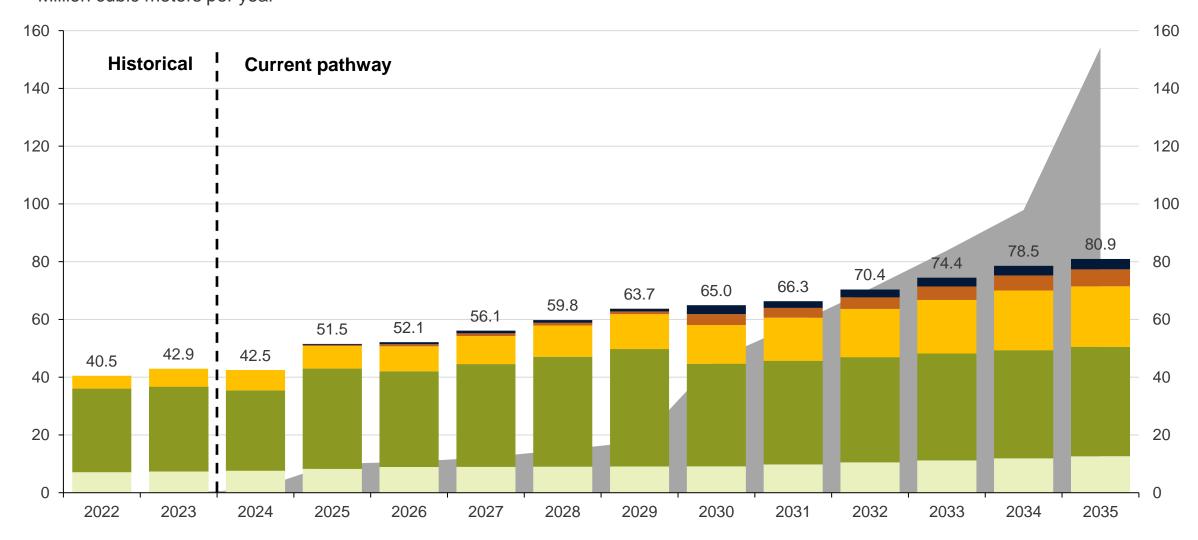
SMF: A new frontier for Brazil's agribussiness



Source: Rystad Energy research and analysis, OilMarketCube, ShippingSolution December 2024

Demand will still surpass global supply, even with worldwide investments

Biofuel production by feedstock and global additional demand Million cubic meters per year





Navigating the future of energy

Rystad Energy is an independent energy consulting services and business intelligence data firm offering global databases, strategic advisory and research products for energy companies and suppliers, investors, investment banks, organizations, and governments.

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