The Swedish Chemicals Agency Keml

The driving force in efforts to attain a non-toxic environment

Stina Andersson Anna Fransson Eva Sandberg



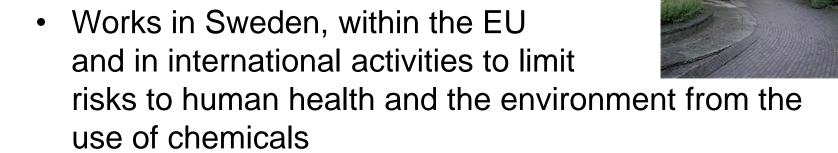
Our presentation this morning

- Introduction Swedish Chemicals Agency Keml (Stina)
- Introduction to the topic chemicals in products (Stina)
- The SAICM work on information on chemicals in products (CiP project) (Anna)
- Examples of EU legislation, in particular Reach (Eva)
- Working with industry proactive approach (Stina)



Keml

 Supervisory authority under the Ministry of the Environment and Energy



- Founded in 1986
- Located in Sundbyberg. Staff: about 270



Keml reduces chemical risks in Sweden

- ✓ Responsible for placing on the market of chemicals and products (articles) containing chemicals
- ✓ Assist in the development of legislation and other instruments. Nationally, in the EU and international



- ✓ Inspections and guidance
- Managing applications for approval of pesticides and biocides
- Statistics and flow analyses





International work

International chemicals conventions and agreements

- SAICM (Strategic Approach to International Chemicals Management)
- Stockholm Convention (on POPs)
- Rotterdam Convention (on PIC)
- Minamata Convetion (on mercury)

OECD



- International Training Program Chemicals Management
- Bilateral and regional programs
- Collaboration with UNEP











A non-toxic environment



The environment must be free from manmade or extracted compounds and metals that represent a threat to human health or biological diversity.

Swedish Chemicals Agency

One of sixteen environmental quality objectives

The overall goal is that, one generation from now, the major environmental problems currently facing us will have been solved. Without increasing environmental and health problems outside Sweden's borders.

The new Sustainable Development Goals 17 specific goals with 169 associated targets

https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics



Chemicals in products

- We are surrounded by products and chemicals



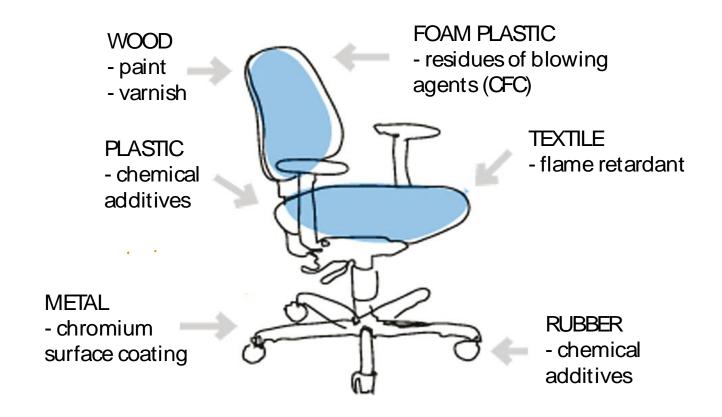








Examples of chemicals in a product

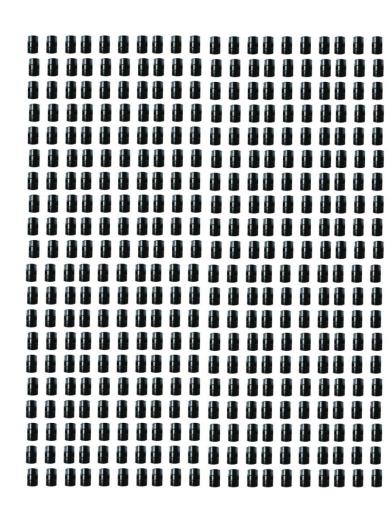




The World production of chemicals increases

2000

400 millions tonnes/year



1950

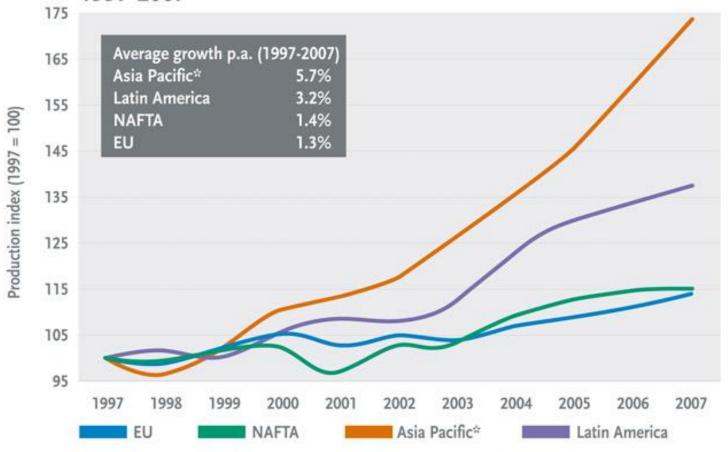
7 millions tonnes/year



Source: European Commission, 2001.

Chart 3.5: International comparison of production growth of the chemicals industry

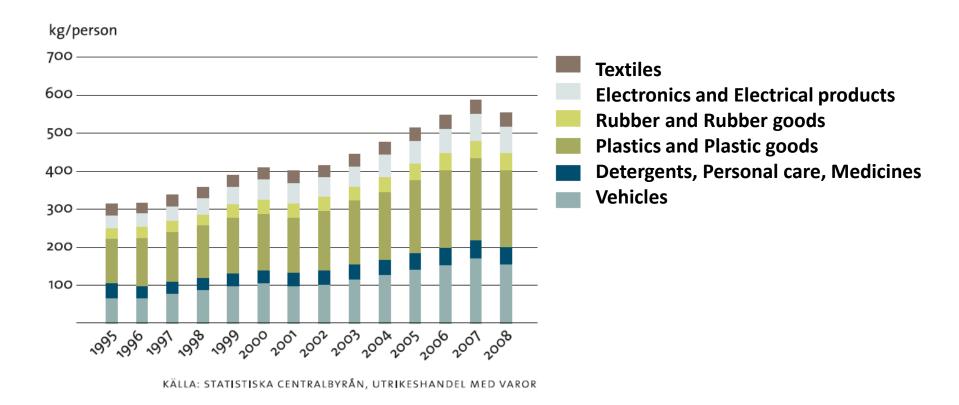
1997-2007



Source: Cefic Chemdata International *Asia Pacific includes Japan, China, India, Korea, Malaysia, Philippines, Singapore, Taiwan, Thailand, Pakistan, Bangladesh and Australia



International trade increase

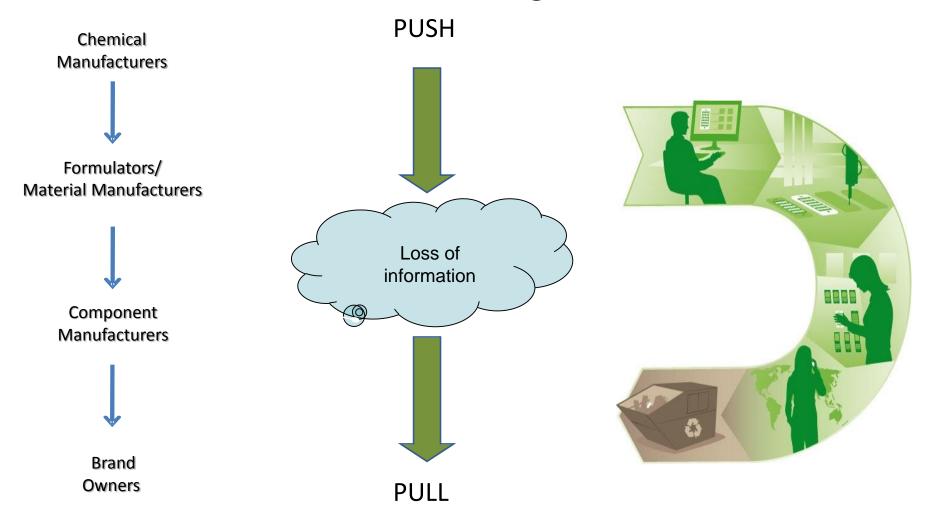




Non toxic and resource efficient product life cycles needed



Current situation – gaps in information exchange



Toxic substances in electronics



Copyright: Basel Action Network, 2006

- Flame retardants, metals, plastics
- Poor recycling methods especially a problem in developing countries
- Risk of exposure during the entire life-cycle



Hazardous substances – challenges and problems



- Consumption of chemicals and products increases
- Lack of knowledge
- Hazardous substances in products a growing problem
- Children and young people particularly vulnerable
- Life-cycles are neither non-toxic or resource-efficient
- Todays efforts insufficient action needed



Now, lets focus on solutions

