# Evaluating the Social Implications and Benefits of Introducing Micro Reactors in Brazil's Electrical Grid: A Comprehensive Analysis of Economic, Environmental, and Community Effects.

DSc. Adolfo Braid
Terminus Research and Development in Energy

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Nuclear Science, Technology and Applications and the



**Technical Cooperation Programme** 

#### SUMMARY

- Overview of Brazilian Nuclear Industry;
- Micro Nuclear Reactors (MNR) Space and Terrestrial Developments;
- Brazilian MNR Project Structure;
- Potential Applications to MNR in Brazil;
- MNR Role in a Just Energy Transition in Brazil;
- Sustainability Studies of Micro Reactors, Economic, Environmental, and Community Effects; and
- Final Considerations.

















#### Overview of Brazilian Nuclear Industry

- Brazil is the 8th U Reserve on the planet (276,800 t U in U308).
- Capacity to generate ~ 8,900 TWh (18 Yrs EE Gen, ~ 500 TWh/year).
- CNEN (National Nuclear Energy Commission), since 1956;
- Research Nuclear Reactors in operation 4;
- NPP Angra I & II in operation (~2,0%), Angra III under construction;
- RMB Multi-purpose reactor, R&D and Radiopharmaceutical prod.;
- INB Brazil's Nuclear Industries;
- Brazilian Navy Nuclear Program;
- All Brazilian Nuclear Program is under Safeguards agreement with IAEA.

### Top 10 countries with the highest uranium reserve

Rank +	Country/Region +	tons
1	*** Australia	2,049,400
2	Kazakhstan	969,200
3	■◆■ Canada	873,000
4	Russia	661,900
5	Namibia	504,200
6	South Africa	447,700
7	■ Niger	439,400
8	▼ Brazil	276,800
9	China	269,700
10	India India	195,900

https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/countriesuranium-reserves-2024/#list-of-uranium -reserves-by-country-2024











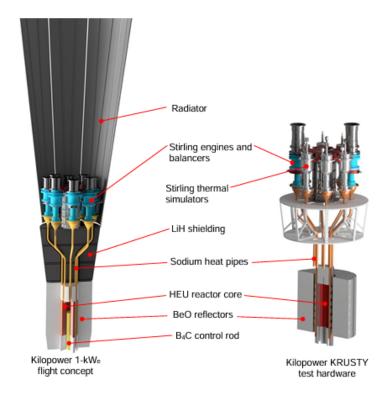








#### Micro Nuclear Reactors (MNR)



## Thermal Power 4kWt / Electrical Power 1.6 kWe Main systems

Reactor (core + reflector + control bar).

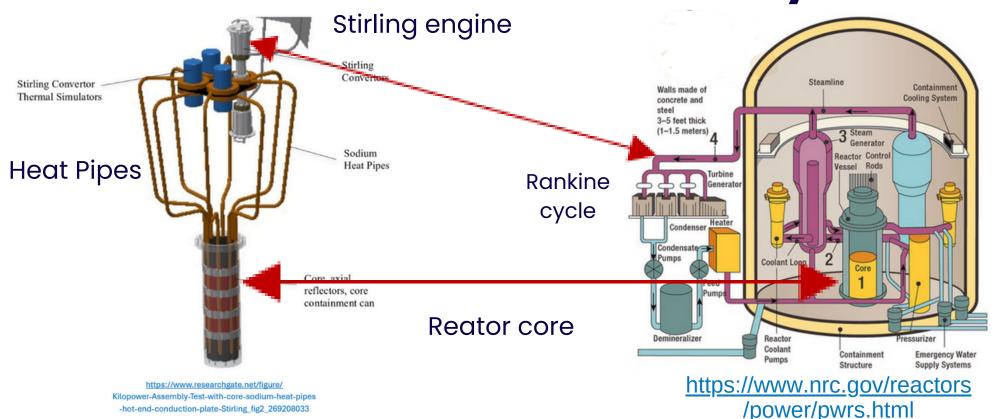
Passive heat transfer system (8 heat pipes).

Power conversion system (Stirling Machines) + cold source (space).

Instrumetation and control (standalone).

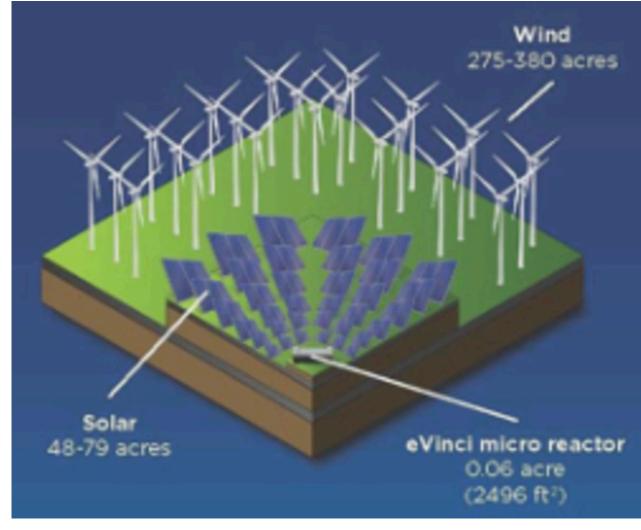
NASA/TM-2018-219941

#### **MNR X PWR NPP Systems**





https://www.lanl.gov/media/news/1102 -nuclear-reactors-in-space



Zohuri, B. 2020 Nuclear Micro Reactors, Pg. 53, Fig. 2.12











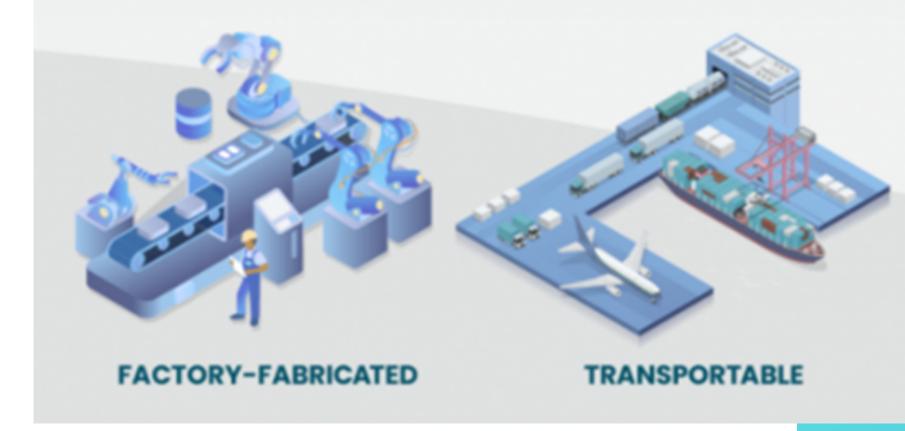




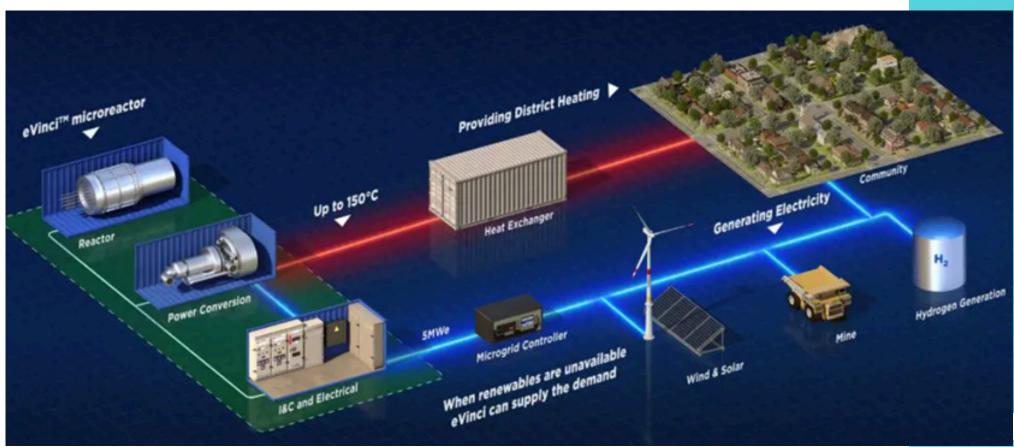


#### Micro Nuclear Reactors (MNR)

- "Safe by Design";
- "Defense in Depth";
- "Remote Operation";
- "Non-Proliferation" (HALEU);
- "Economics-by-Design Approach";
- Power ~ 5,0 MWe -> container 40';
- Capacity Factor ~100% 24/7/365;
- Factory-Fabricated;
- Easily Transportable to the site;
- Plug&Play Installation < 30 days;</li>
- Lifetime CAPEX > 60 years;
- Fuel lifetime >10 years;
- Sustainable Non-GHG emissions; and
- Can be fully designed, fabricated and operated in Brazil.



https://nanonuclearenergy.com/microreactors/?v=dc634e207282



https://westinghousenuclear.com/ energy-systems/evinci-microreactor/

















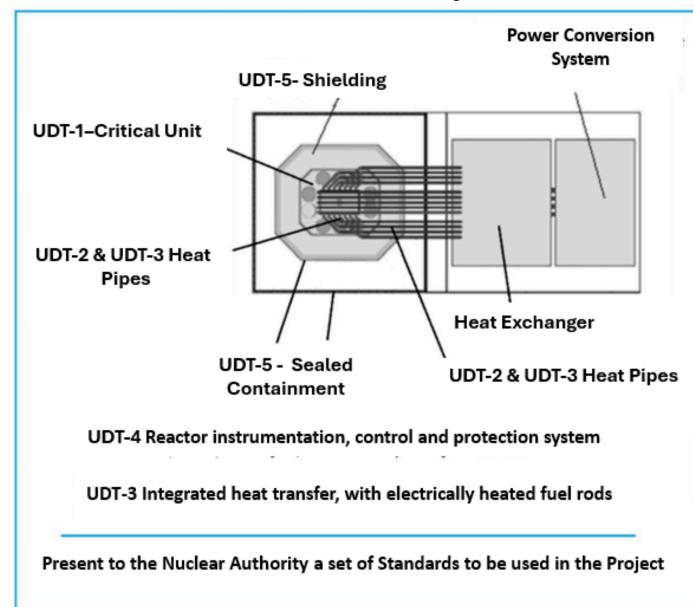


#### **Brazilian MNR Project Structure**

#### Project work packages: Demonstrate critical microreactor technologies

- UDT-1 Critical Unit;
- UDT-2 Heat transfer, separate effects for heat pipes;
- **UDT-3** Heat transfer, integrated effects reactor-heat; pipes-heat exchanger power conversion system;
- UDT-4 Protection, control and remote supervision;
   systems to operate in microgrids;
- **UDT-5** Development of shielding and containment;
- **UDT-6** Development of Supply Chain materials: fuel for micro reactors (UO2, U7Mo or U3Si2 pellets), Heat Pipes, Beryllium Oxide, Graphite and B4C;
- UDT-7 Sustainability studies of micro reactors,
   Economic, Environmental, and Community Effects; and
- UDT-8 Quality Assurance System.

#### **ESTIMATED COST US\$ 10 MILLIONS/TIMEFRAME 3Yrs**





















#### Potential Applications to MNR in Brazil

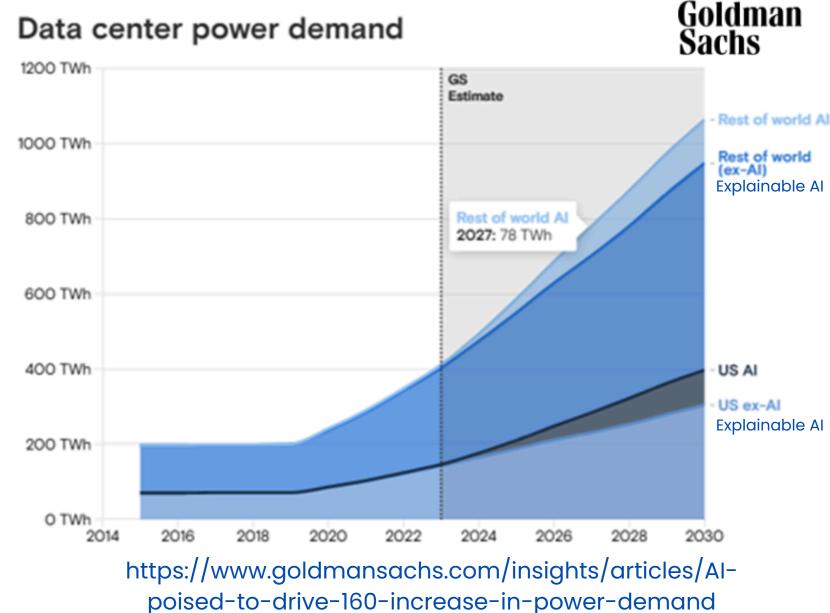
#### Sustainable electric mobility

https://usafacts.org/articles/how-much-electricity -would-it-take-to-power-all-cars-if-they-were-electric/

The US would need to produce 20 to 50% more electricity per year if all cars were electric.
 4,800 tWh ~= 10x Electric Energy Consumption in Brazil in 2021
 There would be an increase in GHG emissions of more than 20%.

## Data centers - DC / AI / Cryptocurrency Mining

- On average, AI data centers can consume up to 10 times more electricity than traditional data centers;
- DC worldwide consume 1-2% of overall power;
- This percentage will likely rise to 3-4% by the end decade;
- The CO2 emissions of DC may more than double between 2022 and 2030.



















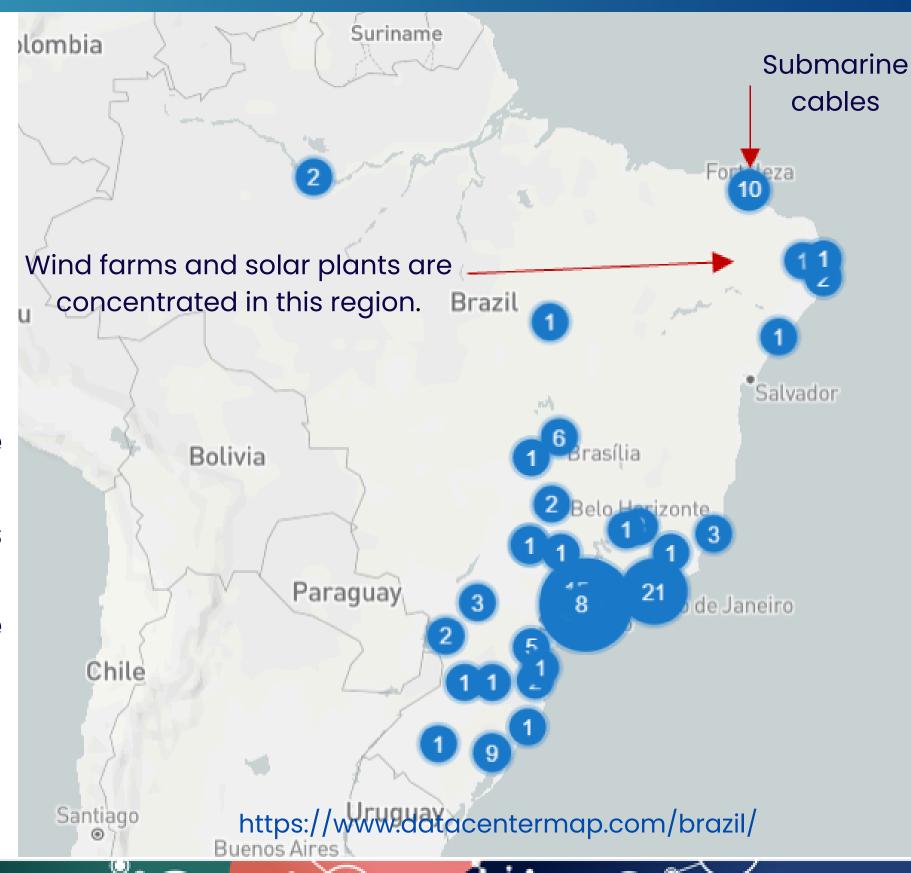
#### Data centers - DC / AI / Cryptocurrency Mining

Region	# Data Centers	% DC
SE	124	76.5%
NE	15	9.3%
S	13	8.0%
CW	8	4.9%
NE	2	1.2%
Total	162	100%

- Big Techs: commercial strategies before any social concentrated in this region. impact;
- They want to have the Green Seal for their operations;
- Latency time is shorter when DCs are close to the consumption centers;
- Friction between native populations and entrepreneurs of new wind farms;
- Cumbe community Quilombola people (fishing village - Convension 169 ILO).

https://normlex.ilo.org/dyn/normlex/en/f? p=NORMLEXPUB:55:0::NO::P55\_TYPE,P55\_LANG,P55\_DOCUMENT,P55\_NODE:REV,en,C169,/Document

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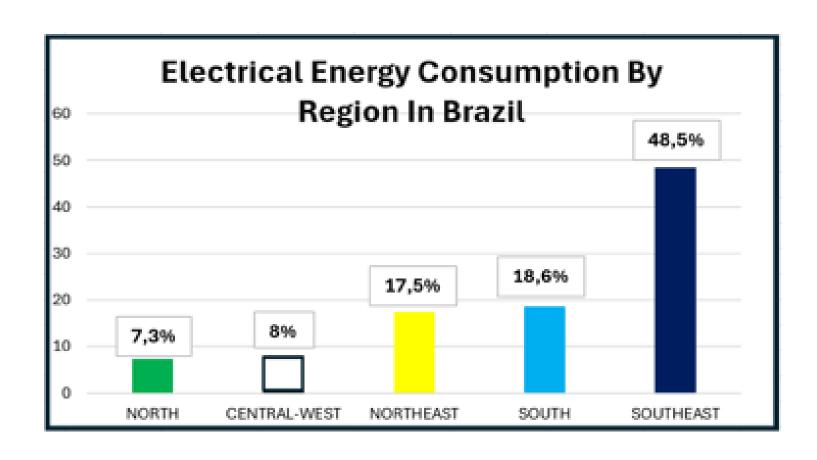




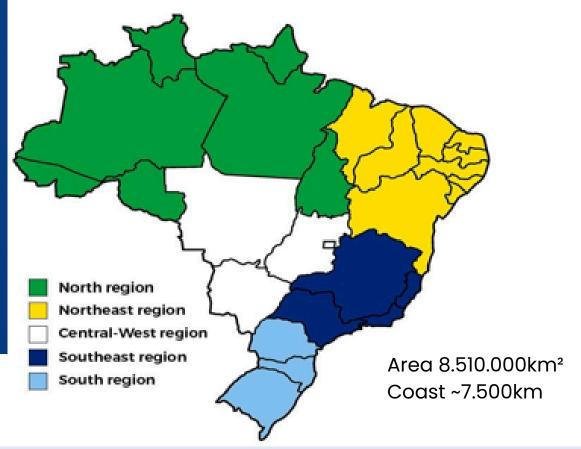
#### Potential Applications to MNR in Brazil

#### **Brazil** Population 212.6 million inhabitants

1st	Southeast Region	88,617,693 Inhabitants	41,7%
2nd	Northeast Region	57,112,096 Inhabitants	26,9%
3rd	South Region	31,113,021 Inhabitants	14,6%
4th	North Region	18,669,345 Inhabitants	8,8%
5th	Central-West Region	17,087845 Inhabitants	8%



#### **BRAZIL REGIONS**



Northeast region is the second largest population. Moreover, it is almost twice as larger than the population of South Region, and both have almost the same electrical energy consumption.

#### **Energy Poverty**

- Poor health and well-being
- Education exclusion
- Social exclusion
- Gender inequality









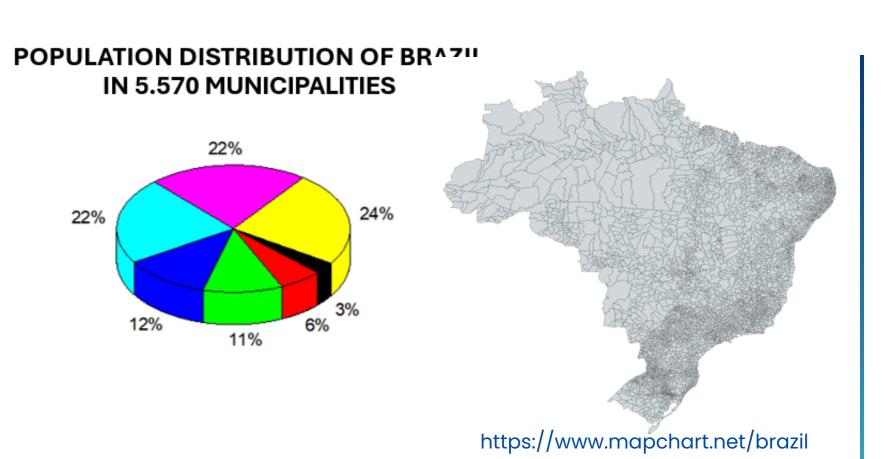








#### Population distribution on the municipalities in Brazil



	-munic	cipalities.html
Population	> 50.000 Hab	12%
40.000<	<50.000 Inhab.	3%
30.000<	<40.000 Inhab.	6%
20.000<	<30.000 Inhab.	11%
10.000<	<20.000 Inhab.	24%
5.000<	<10.000 Inhab.	22%
1.000<	<5.000 Inhab.	22%

#### **AVERAGE INSTALLED POWER PER INHABITANT**

CONSIDERING BRAZIL'S PRESENT POWER INSTALLED CAPACITY AND POPULATION.

POWER (MW)	#INHABITANTS
~1	1.000
~5	5.000

A SINGLE NUCLEAR BATTERY OF 5MWe CAN SUPPLY ELECTRICAL ENERGY TO A MUNICIPALITY UP TO 5,000 INHABITANTS. IT WOULD SUPPLY 1,225 (22%) MUNICIPALITIES IN BRAZIL.

A COMBINATION OF 1 TO 4 NUCLEAR BATTERIES COULD SUPPLY ELECTRICAL ENERGY UP TO 68% OF BRAZIL'S MUNICIPALITIES (3,787).



















#### Alignment of MNR with the 5 Ds of the Energy Transition

CO <sub>2</sub> 1 - Decarbonization:	- Non-GHG emissions.
2 - Decentralization:	-Distributed energy - No transmission line required.
oʻ ♦ ˙o 	-Easily Transportable.
3 - Digitization:	-Easily connectable with other energy sources (Solar, Wind and others)Remotely operated/monitored.
4 - Market Design:	-Competitive with other energy sources, especially Diesel Generators.
5 - Democratization:	-Easily transportable to any location (Truck/Train/Ship/Plane)Small-scale or distributed generation democratize supply.

















## Alignment with the 5 Ds of the energy transition is not enough, social issues must be addressed

• The transitioning towards low-carbon energy is a long-term, non-linear evolving process, with multiple actor's participation (Geels, 2011; Kohler et al., 2019).

#### "Actors - Stakeholders"

Native populations <-> Entrepreneurs <-> Local and Federal Government <-> Justice <-> Earth

- Social Discussions create tensions on how to address the problem:
- -Discussions on **rights**
- -Ethics for the future generations
- -Individual obligation and collective action.
- A just energy transition must be based on :
- -Distributional Justice: A just distribution of costs and benefits;
- -Procedural Justice: Equitable Procedures, engage stakeholders in a non-discriminatory way;
- -Recognition justice: recognize those who are harmed in the process.
- Integrative practices can bridge stakeholders by allocating transparent roles, addressing mutually beneficial goals, and collectively solving problems.

















**Economic Effects:** Verify the economic impacts and feasibility of implementing microreactors and distributed electric energy.

- Insertion of micro reactors:
- -In Municipalities with less than 20,000 inhabitants;
- -In Electricity-intensive industries, service companies, and electric vehicle charging stations;
- -Integration with renewable sources (solar and wind) and energy quality.
  - Assessment of the resilience and impact of microreactors on the stability of the electrical system.

**Environmental Effects:** Our Contribution of nuclear micro reactors to the reduction of long-lasting radioactive waste generated by the nuclear sector in Brazil.

- Study to recycle long-term waste material in microreactors
- Design MNRs for **maximum reuse** of reactor components.
- Develop processes for maximum recovery of unburned nuclear fuel.















## Community Effects - Public acceptance is a key step towards realizing the potential benefits of micro reactors.

- Assessments for implementing micro reactors are comprehensive and meticulous, ensuring that sustainable development aspects are considered.
- Strong focus on regulation, standards, and public policies. This emphasis on governance provides a secure framework for the deployment of microreactors.
- Identify indicators for monitoring environmental and social impacts, taking into account the growth of municipalities' and communities' local economies.
- Create a roadmap for planning and implementing nuclear micro reactors, including a public policy monitoring system and an evaluation of the public consultation process (convention 169 ILO) with local communities that will receive the micro reactors.



















#### Final Considerations

#### Micro Nuclear Reactors Social Acceptance Advantages

- Distributed source of energy benefits local population (Microgrid)
- Micro Nuclear Reactors:
- Firm energy source 24/7/365;
- Electric Energy / Heat / Energy Storage (H2);
- -Water purification / piped water;
- -Schools Internet / Access to education (long distance);
- -Easily transportable;
- -Plug&Play Installation < 30 days (violence reported installation of wind farms);
- -Safe by Design & Remoted Operated; and
- -MNR Footprint -> Area < 1 acre / Solar ~ 80 acre / Wind ~ 380 Acre;
- Do not change site characteristics





















# "Simplicity is the Ultimate Sophistication."

Leonardo Da Vinci

















#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**



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#### DSc. Adolfo Braid

https://www.linkedin.com/in/adolfobraid/

abraid@terminus.energy

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